# Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

997

### DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service	) CC Docket No. 96-45 )
Access Charge Reform	CC Docket No. 96-262
Price Cap Performance Review for Local Exchange Carriers	CC Docket No. 94-1
Transport Rate Structure and Pricing	CC Docket No. 91-213
End User Common Line Charges	) CC Docket No. 95-72

# AT&T REPLY COMMENTS ON SECOND FURTHER NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING

Mark C. Rosenblum Peter H. Jacoby Judy Sello

Room 3245I1 295 North Maple Avenue Basking Ridge, NJ 07920 (908) 221-8984

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
ARGUMENT	•••••	2
CONCLUSION		7

## Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

Federal-State Joint Board on	) ) CC	Docket	No.	96-45
Universal Service	) _)			
Daniel Charles Dafares	)	D = = l= = +	<b>N</b> -	06.060
Access Charge Reform	) (CC	Docket	NO.	96-262
Price Cap Performance Review for Local Exchange Carriers	) CC	Docket	No.	94-1
Transport Rate Structure and Pricing	) CC	Docket	No.	91-213
End User Common Line Charges	) ) _)	Docket	No.	95-72

# AT&T REPLY COMMENTS ON SECOND FURTHER NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING

Pursuant to Section 1.415 of the Commission's Rules, 47 C.F.R. § 1.415, and its Second Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, FCC 97-317, released September 4, 1997 ("SENPRM") in the above-captioned proceedings, AT&T Corp. ("AT&T") submits these replies to other parties' comments on issues related to recovery of presubscribed interexchange carrier charges ("PICCs") when a Lifeline customer has elected toll blocking.<sup>1</sup>

A list of the parties filing comments and the abbreviations used to identify them herein is attached as Appendix A.

#### ARGUMENT

The comments overwhelmingly support the Commission's proposal to waive the PICC when a Lifeline customer has elected toll blocking. Accordingly, the Commission should adopt its proposal to waive the \$0.53 PICC for Lifeline customers who elect toll blocking and, because these waived charges are associated with the recovery of interstate loop costs from Lifeline customers, as the Commission has proposed, they should be supported by the low-income program of the federal universal service support mechanisms and recovered in a competitively neutral manner through contributions from all telecommunications carriers. SFNPRM, para. 5.

As AT&T showed in its comments, to ensure competitive neutrality and to avoid providing disincentives for Lifeline customers to elect toll blocking, the Commission should waive the PICC when a Lifeline customer elects toll blocking (irrespective of whether he or she has presubscribed to an interexchange carrier) and allow the carrier (whether the incumbent local exchange carrier ("LEC") or a new entrant otherwise permitted to collect access charges) that provides local service to the customer to recover the PICC associated with these customers from the Lifeline program of the federal

AT&T at 3; Bell Atlantic at 1; BellSouth at 2; FPSC at 2-3; MCI at 2; RTC at 3-4; SBC at 2-3; USCC at 1, 3-4; USTA at 2; U S WEST at 2.

universal service support fund ("USF"). Some parties disagree with certain aspects of AT&T's position.

While supporting the Commission's overall approach, a few commenters seek to impose inappropriate restrictions on the PICC waiver when a Lifeline customer elects toll blocking. Bell Atlantic (at 1 n.2), for example, contends that the PICC should not be waived if the Lifeline customer with toll blocking is presubscribed to an interexchange carrier ("IXC") because then the IXC would be charged the PICC and the customer would not have a disincentive against toll blocking. To the contrary, as AT&T (at 5-6) showed, even if a Lifeline customer has presubscribed to an IXC, if the customer elects toll blocking, the PICC should be waived. In this instance waiver is appropriate because, by electing toll blocking, the customer has indicated that he or she will not be placing long distance calls and thus will not be generating long distance revenue for the IXC. As RTC (at 3-4) points out, "[c]ustomers who select toll blocking have no access to IXC services, so the assignment of a PICC in such cases would not be justified, as the Commission has recognized." Accordingly, in this circumstance, waiver of the PICC and recovery in the amount of the PICC from the universal service fund's low-income support program recognizes that a subsidy to defray loop costs for

See also AT&T Opposition to Petitions for Reconsideration in Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service, CC Docket No. 96-45, filed August 18, 1997, at 25.

this subscriber should be borne by all telecommunications carriers in a competitively neutral manner rather than from a single IXC to which the customer has presubscribed but for which it will not be generating long distance revenue.

For the same reasons, the FPSC's suggestion (at 2-3) that recovery of the waived PICCs from IXCs rather than from the USF is preferable because IXCs benefit from higher subscriber line charges ("SLCs") and lower carrier common line charges ("CCLCs") under the Commission Access Reform Order is misplaced. IXCs should not be paying access charges, namely, PICCs, for Lifeline customers with toll blocking who will not be generating long distance revenues. Rather, the competitively neutral approach, as the Commission recognizes, is to permit recovery of the waived PICC from the USF.

Indeed, as SBC (at 8-9) points out, any PICC waiver rule should apply irrespective of whether the Lifeline customer voluntarily elects toll blocking or is subject to involuntary toll blocking. In either case, the local service provider is entitled to recover the PICC, yet because the end

As the Commission explained in the Access Reform Order, the new flat-rate PICC was designed to permit LECs to recover common line revenues not recovered because of caps on the SLC on a flat-rate basis from the IXC to which the line is presubscribed. Access Charge Reform, CC Docket Nos. 96-262, 94-1, 91-213, 95-72, First Report and Order, FCC 97-158, released May 16, 1997, paras. 6, 38, and published in the Federal Register on June 11, 1997 (62 Fed. Reg. 31868) pets. for review pending sub nom. Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. FCC, Nos. 97-2618 et al. (8<sup>th</sup> Cir.) ("Access Reform Order"), id., Order on Reconsideration, FCC 97-247, released July 10, 1997.

user customer is not generating toll revenue, the PICC should not be recovered from the IXC. Moreover, there is no apparent justification for disparate treatment as to whether the PICC could be recovered from a Lifeline customer depending on whether toll blocking is elective or involuntary.

On the other hand, the Commission should reject SBC's (at 5-6) and USTA's (at 2) suggestion that only price cap incumbent LECs who are required to charge the PICC should be allowed to recover the PICC from the USF. To the contrary. to ensure competitive neutrality, whenever a competitive local exchange carrier ("CLEC") provides Lifeline service to an eligible end user in circumstances where it would otherwise be entitled to charge IXCs for access (i.e., if the CLEC provides the Lifeline service using its own facilities, including unbundled network elements ("UNEs"), or a combination of its own facilities and resale), then the CLEC must be permitted to recover the PICC from the USF, just as the incumbent LEC could do, if the Lifeline customer elects toll blocking.5 Otherwise, the CLEC would be forced to recover the PICC from Lifeline customers (contrary to USF goals), IXCs (who do not obtain toll revenues from Lifeline customers with toll

The Commission has exempted UNE purchasers from payment of access charges, because the payment of cost-based rates represents full compensation to the incumbent LEC for the use of the UNEs, which may be used by the UNE purchaser to provide access services to others. Access Reform Order, paras. 337-340. By contrast, CLECs providing local service through total service resale do

<sup>(</sup>footnote continued on following page)

blocking), or non-Lifeline end user customers. Any of these options could place the CLEC at a competitive disadvantage  $vis-\grave{a}-vis$  the ILEC that would be able to recover this charge from the USF, which is broadly supported by contributions from all telecommunications carriers.

<sup>(</sup>footnote continued from previous page)

not provide access to IXCs, rather the incumbent LEC continues to do so.

#### CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated above and in AT&T's Comments, the Commission should adopt its proposal to waive the PICC for Lifeline customers who elect toll blocking and authorize the carrier providing local service to that customer and otherwise entitled to collect access charges to recover the PICC from the federal universal service fund.

Respectfully submitted,
AT&T CORP.

By /s/ Judy Sello

Mark C. Rosenblum

Peter H. Jacoby

Judy Sello

Room 3245I1 295 North Maple Avenue Basking Ridge, New Jersey 07920 (908) 221-8984

Its Attorneys

October 9, 1997

### LIST OF COMMENTERS

AT&T Corp. ("AT&T")

Bell Atlantic

Florida Public Service Commission ("FPSC")

MCI Telecommunications Corporation ("MCI")

Rural Telephone Coalition (NRTA, NTCA, OPASTCO)
 (collectively, "RTC")

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Pacific Bell and Nevada Bell (collectively, "SBC")

Sprint Corporation ("Sprint")

United States Catholic Conference, et al. ("USCC")

United States Telephone Association ("USTA")

U S WEST, Inc. ("U S WEST")

### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Viola J. Carlone, do hereby certify that on this 9<sup>th</sup> day of October, 1997, a copy of the foregoing AT&T Reply Comments on Second Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking was served by U.S. first class mail, postage prepaid, to the parties listed on the attached Service List.

/s/ Viola J. Carlone
Viola J. Carlone

#### SERVICE LIST

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M St., NW, Room 814 Washington, DC 20554

The Honorable Rachelle B. Chong, Commissioner Federal Communications Commission 1919 M St., NW, Room 844 Washington, DC 20554

The Honorable Susan Ness, Commissioner Federal Communications Commission 1919 M St., NW, Room 832 Washington, DC 20554

The Honorable James H. Quello, Commissioner Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, NW, Room 802 Washington, DC 20554

The Honorable Julia Johnson, Commissioner Florida Public Service Commission Gerald Gunter Bldg.
2540 Shumard Oak Blvd.
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

The Honorable David N. Baker, Commissioner Georgia Public Service Commission 244 Washington Street, SW Atlanta, GA 30334-5701

The Honorable H. Russell Frisby, Commissioner Maryland Public Service Commission 16<sup>th</sup> Floor, 6 Paul Street Baltimore, MD 21202-6806

The Honorable Laska Schoenfelder, Commissioner South Dakota Public Utilities Commission State Capitol, 500 E. Capitol St. Pierre, SD 57501-5070

Martha S. Hogerty
Office of Public Counsel
301 West High Street, Suite 250
P.O. Box 7800
Jefferson City, MO 65102

Tom Boasberg

Federal Communications Commission Office of Chairman 1919 M St., NW, Room 814 Washington, DC 20554

Charles Bolle
South Dakota Public Utilities Commission
State Capitol, 500 E. Capitol St.
Pierre, SD 57501-5070

Deonne Bruning
Nebraska Public Utilities Commission
300 The Atrium, 1200 N St.
P.O. Box 94927
Lincoln, NE 68509-4927

James Casserly
Federal Communications Commission
Office of Commissioner Ness
1919 M St., NW, Room 832
Washington, DC 20554

Rowland L. Curry
Texas Public Utility Commission
1701 N. Congress Avenue
P.O. Box 13326
Austin, TX 78701

Ann Dean Maryland Public Service Commission 16<sup>th</sup> Floor, 6 Paul Street Baltimore, MD 21202-6806

Bridget Duff, State Staff Chair Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Blvd. Tallahassee, FL 32399-0866

Kathleen Franco Federal Communications Commission Office of Commissioner Chong 1919 M St., NW, Room 844 Washington, DC 20554 Paul Gallant
Federal Communications Commission
Office of Commissioner Quello
1919 M Street, NW, Room 802
Washington, DC 20554

Emily Hoffnar, Federal Staff Chair Federal Communications Commission Accounting and Audits Division Universal Service Branch 2100 M St., NW, Room 8617 Washington, DC 20554

Lori Kenyon Alaska Public Utilities Commission 1016 W. Sixth Ave., Suite 400 Anchorage, AK 99501

Debra M. Kriete
Pennsylvania Public Utilities Commission
North Office Building, Room 110
Commonwealth and North Avenues
P.O. Box 3265
Harrisburg, PA 17105-3265

Sandra Makeeff lowa Utilities Board Lucas State Office Bldg. Des Moines, IA 50319

Philip F. McClelland
Pennsylvania Office of Consumer Advocate
1425 Strawberry Square
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Thor Nelson
Colorado Office of Consumer Counsel
1580 Logan Street, Suite 610
Denver, CO 80203

Barry Payne Indiana Office of the Consumer Counsel 100 N. Senate Ave., Room N501 Indianapolis, IN 46204-2208

Timothy Peterson, Deputy Division Chief Federal Communications Commission Accounting and Audits Division 2100 M Street, NW, Room 8613 Washington, DC 20554 James Bradford Ramsay
National Assn. of Regulatory Utility
Commissioners
1100 Pennsylvania Ave., NW
P.O. Box 684
Washington, DC 20044-0684

Brian Roberts
California Public Utilities Commission
505 Van Ness Ave.
San Francisco, CA 94102

Kevin Schwenzfeier NYS Dept of Public Service 3 Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 12223

Tiane Sommer
Georgia Public Service Commission
244 Washington Street, SW
Atlanta, GA 30334-5701

Sheryl Todd (plus 8 copies)
Federal Communications Commission
Accounting and Audits Division
Universal Service Branch
2100 M Street, NW, Room 8611
Washington, DC 20554

Lawrence W. Katz Michael E. Glover Betsy L. Roe Bell Atlantic Telephone Companies 8<sup>th</sup> Floor 1320 North Court House Road Arlington, VA 22201

M. Robert Sutherland
Richard M. Sbaratta
BellSouth Corporation
BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.
Suite 1700
1155 Peachtree Street, NE
Atlanta, GA 30309-3610

Cynthia B. Miller
Florida Public Service Commission
2540 Shumard Oak Blvd.
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

Mary J. Sisak Mary L. Brown MCI Telecommunications Corp. 1801 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, DC 20006

Margot Smiley Humphrey Koteen & Naftalin, LLP Suite 1000 1150 Connecticut Ave., NW Washington, DC 20036 Attorney for Rural Telephone Coalition (NRTA)

David Cosson 2626 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, DC 20037 Attorney for Rural Telephone Coalition (NTCA)

Lisa M. Zaina
Stephen Pastorkovich
Suite 700
21 Dupont Circle, NW
Washington, DC 20036
Attorneys for Rural
Telephone Coalition
(OPASTCO)

Robert M. Lynch
Durward D. Dupre
Michael J. Zpevak
Darryl W. Howard
Southwestern Bell
Telephone Company
Room 3524
One Bell Center
St. Louis, MO 63101

Nancy Woolf Pacific Bell and Nevada Bell 140 New Montgomery Street San Francisco, CA 94105

Jay C. Keithley Norina T. Moy Sprint Corporation Suite 1110 1850 M Street, NW Washington, DC 20036 Lori Anne Dolqueist
Angela J. Campbell
Institute for Public Representation
Georgetown University Law Center
600 New Jersey Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20001
Attorneys for United States
Catholic Conference, et al.

Katherine Grincewich Office of the General Counsel United States Catholic Conference 3211 4<sup>th</sup> Street, NW Washington, DC 20017-1194

Mary McDermott
Linda Kent
Keith Townsend
Hance Haney
United States Telephone
Association
Suite 600
1401 H Street, NW
Washington, DC 20005

Richard A. Karre
U S WEST, Inc.
Suite 700
1020 19<sup>th</sup> Street
Washington, DC 20036